

NET WT 5 LB (2.27 kg)

Tis your go-to fertilizer for growing delicious oranges, lemons, limes and even avocados. With vibrant fruits, fragrant blossoms and appealingly glossy foliage, citrus trees are a particularly satisfying compliment to the home garden or orchard. Our Citrus Mix is specially formulated with primary and secondary nutrients as well as select micronutrients to promote lush new growth, abundant green foliage and bountiful blossoms and fruit. Use it to feed not only citrus trees, but other fruit trees, vines and ornamentals in your garden.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

TOTAL NITROGEN (N) 6.0% Water Insoluble Nitroge	6.0% en	Derived from: Feather Meal, Fish Bone Meal, Alfalfa Meal, Langbeinite, Basalt, Potassium Sulfate, Zinc
AVAILABLE PHOSPHATE (P,O,)	3.0%	Sulfate and Kelp Meal
SOLUBLE POTASH (K,O)	3.0%	ALSO CONTAINS NON-PLANT FOOD
CALCIUM (Ca)	3.0%	INGREDIENT(S):
SULFUR (S)	2.0%	2.5% Humic Acids derived from Leonardite
IRON (Fe)	0.5%	Listed by the Organic Materials Review Institute
ZINC (Zn)	0.5%	(OMRI) for use in organic production.
0.5% Water Soluble Zinc		• ,
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APPLICATION RATES

Citrus Trees: Most varieties of citrus require fertilization 3-4 times per year with typical applications in late winter (Jan-Feb), late spring (May-June) and early f all (Sept-Oct). Apply 1 cup per 1" of trunk diameter around the base outwards to the drip line, mix into soil surface and water in well. A liquid or foliar fertilizer may be applied to mature fruit bearing trees throughout the growing season to maximize fruit production.

For new trees, prepare transplant hole and mix 1 cup of Citrus Mix with the backfill soil. Use amended soil to fill in around the new tree and water in well. Use half the amount recommended above per application to fertilize 1-2 year old citrus trees.

Containers & Houseplants: For new plantings, mix 1/2 cup per cubic foot of soil and mix thoroughly. For established citrus trees, apply 2-4 tablespoons per gallon of soil 4-6 times throughout the year.

WHAT IS "N-P-K"?

NITROGEN (N) - Nitrogen is necessary for lush, green, leafy growth. An excess, however, will promote vegetative growth at the expense of fruit or flowers. Nitrogen is generally applied at higher concentrations in early growth stages. Use Down To Earth Bat Guano, Blood Meal or Feather Meal.

PHOSPHORUS (P) - Phosphorus will promote big, bright blooms and enhanced fruit production. Phosphorus is essential for fruiting, flowering, strong root growth and quality seed development. Use Down To Earth Fish Bone Meal or Seabird Guano.

POTASSIUM (K) - Potassium, or Potash, helps produce strong sturdy plants and quality fruit. Potassium naturally increases a plants resistance to all types of stress and is vital for cell growth and carbohydrate metabolism. Use Down To Earth Kelp Meal or Langbeinite.

